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0207	

Pump

PTS 4V PTK 4



REPAIR MANUALS



This manual covers machines with Item Number:

0007683, 0007691, 0007692

Operating / Parts Information

You must be familiar with the operation of this machine before you attempt to troubleshoot or repair it. Basic operating and maintenance procedures are described in the Operator's Manual supplied with the machine. Keep a copy of the Operator's Manual with the machine at all times. Use the separate Parts Book supplied with the machine to order replacement parts. If you are missing either of the documents, please contact Wacker Corporation to order a replacement.

Damage caused by misuse or neglect of the unit should be brought to the attention of the operator to prevent similar occurrences from happening in the future.

This manual provides information and procedures to safely repair and maintain the above Wacker model(s). For your own safety and protection from injury, carefully read, understand, and observe all instructions described in this manual. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL IS BASED ON MACHINES MANUFACTURED UP TO THE TIME OF PUBLICATION. WACKER CORPORATION RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHANGE ANY PORTION OF THIS INFORMATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

Foreword PT 4 Repair

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning:



Engine exhaust, some of its constituents, and certain vehicle components, contain or emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Laws Pertaining to Spark Arresters

Notice: State Health Safety Codes and Public Resources Codes specify that in certain locations spark arresters be used on internal combustion engines that use hydrocarbon fuels. A spark arrester is a device designed to prevent accidental discharge of sparks or flames from the engine exhaust. Spark arresters are qualified and rated by the United States Forest Service for this purpose.

In order to comply with local laws regarding spark arresters, consult the engine distributor or the local Health and Safety Administrator.

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1.	Safet	ty Information 7
	1.1	Operating Safety
	1.2	Operator Safety while using Internal Combustion Engines
	1.3	Service Safety10
	1.4	Label Locations11
	1.5	Safety Labels
2.	Tech	nical Data 15
	2.1	Engine15
	2.2	Pump
	2.3	Sound Measurements
	2.4	Dimensions
3.	Oper	ration 18
	3.1	Application 18
	3.2	Recommended Fuel18
	3.3	Before Starting18
	3.4	To Start
	3.5	To Stop
	3.6	Operation
	3.7	Pump Wrench21
	3.8	Accessories
	3.9	Hoses and Clamps22
4.	Main	tenance 23
	4.1	Periodic Maintenance Schedule
	4.2	Engine Lubrication24
	4.3	Changing Oil Filter
	4.4	Air Cleaner
	4.5	Spark Plug27
	4.6	Fuel Filter
	4.7	Carburetor Adjustment
	4.8	Changing Mechanical Seal Coolant
	4.9	Adjusting Impeller Clearance

Ta	ble of	Contents	PT 4
	4.10	Cleaning Pump	31
	4.11	Storage	32
	4.12	Lifting	32
	4.13	Troubleshooting	33
5.	Disas	ssembly/Assembly Procedures	34
	5.1	PTS 4V Exploded View	34
	5.2	PTS 4V Components	35
	5.3	Replacing the Flapper Valve	36
	5.4	Replacing the Impeller	37
	5.5	Replacing the Mechanical Seal	38
	5.6	Replacing the Pump Housing	40
	5.7	Volute, Insert, and Shims	42
	5.8	Replacing the Engine	44
	5.9	Wiring Diagram	45

1. Safety Information

This manual contains DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, *NOTICE* and NOTE callouts which must be followed to reduce the possibility of personal injury, damage to the equipment, or improper service.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE: Used without the safety alert symbol, **NOTICE** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

Note: Contains additional information important to a procedure.

1.1 Operating Safety



Familiarity and proper training are required for the safe operation of machine. Machines operated improperly or by untrained personnel can be dangerous. Read the operating instructions contained in both this manual and the engine manual and familiarize yourself with the location and proper use of all controls. Inexperienced operators should receive instruction from someone familiar with the machine before being allowed to operate it.

- 1.1.1 NEVER allow anyone to operate this equipment without proper training. People operating this equipment must be familiar with the risks and hazards associated with it.
- 1.1.2 NEVER touch the engine or muffler while the engine is on or immediately after it has been turned off. These areas get hot and may cause burns.
- 1.1.3 NEVER use accessories or attachments that are not recommended by Wacker. Damage to equipment and injury to the user may result.
- 1.1.4 NEVER pump volatile, flammable or low flash point fluids. These fluids could ignite or explode.
- 1.1.5 NEVER pump corrosive chemicals or water containing toxic substances. These fluids could create serious health and environmental hazards. Contact local authorities for assistance.
- 1.1.6 NEVER open the priming plug when the pump is hot. Never loosen or remove inlet or discharge hose fittings when the pump is hot. Hot water inside could be pressurized much like the radiator on an automobile. Allow the pump to cool to the touch before loosening the plug and before loosening or removing the inlet or discharge hose fittings.
- 1.1.7 NEVER open pump housing cover while pump is operating, or start pump with the cover off. The rotating impeller inside the pump can cut or sever objects caught in it.
- 1.1.8 NEVER block or restrict flow from inlet line or discharge line. Remove kinks from discharge line before starting pump. Operation with a blocked inlet line or discharge line can cause water inside pump to overheat.
- 1.1.9 NEVER stand on the machine.
- 1.1.10 DO NOT stand under the machine while it is being hoisted or moved.
- 1.1.11 DO NOT attach equipment to the machine when it is suspended.
- 1.1.12 ALWAYS read, understand, and follow procedures in the Operator's Manual before attempting to operate the equipment.
- 1.1.13 ALWAYS be sure operator is familiar with proper safety precautions and operation techniques before using machine.

- 1.1.14 ALWAYS be sure the machine is on a firm, level surface and will not tip, roll, slide, or fall while operating.
- 1.1.15 ALWAYS close fuel valve on engines equipped with one when machine is not being operated.
- 1.1.16 ALWAYS store the equipment properly when it is not being used. Equipment should be stored in a clean, dry location out of the reach of children.

1.2 Operator Safety while using Internal Combustion Engines



Internal combustion engines present special hazards during operation and fueling. Read and follow the warning instructions in the engine owner's manual and the safety guidelines below. Failure to follow the warnings and safety guidelines could result in severe injury or death.

- 1.2.1 DO NOT run the machine indoors or in an enclosed area such as a deep trench unless adequate ventilation, through such items as exhaust fans or hoses, is provided. Exhaust gas from the engine contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas; exposure to carbon monoxide can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.
- 1.2.2 DO NOT smoke while operating the machine.
- 1.2.3 DO NOT smoke when refueling the engine.
- 1.2.4 DO NOT refuel a hot or running engine.
- 1.2.5 DO NOT refuel the engine near an open flame.
- 1.2.6 DO NOT spill fuel when refueling the engine.
- 1.2.7 DO NOT run the engine near open flames.
- 1.2.8 ALWAYS refill the fuel tank in a well-ventilated area.
- 1.2.9 ALWAYS replace the fuel tank cap after refueling.

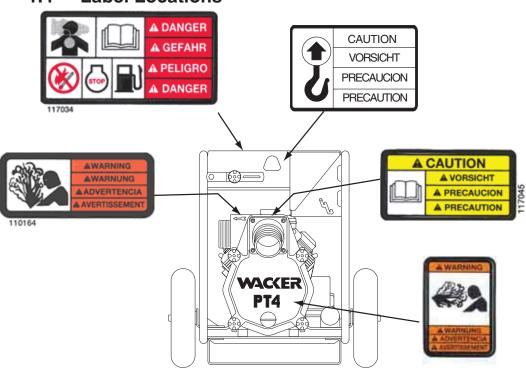
1.3 Service Safety

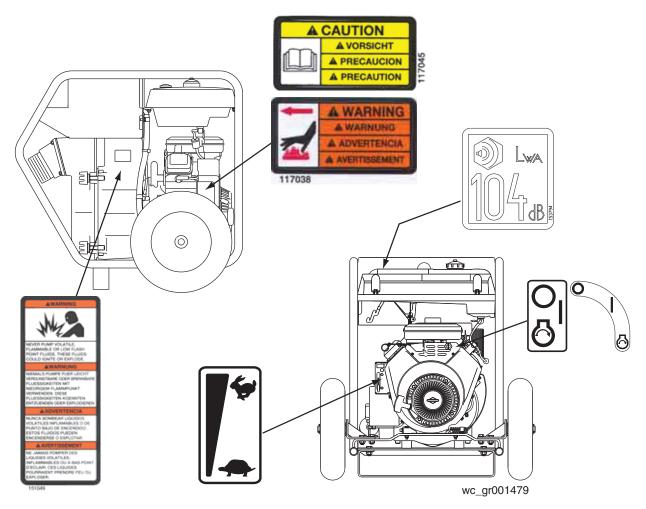


Poorly maintained machines can become a safety hazard! In order for the machine to operate safely and properly over a long period of time, periodic maintenance and occasional repairs are necessary.

- 1.3.1 DO NOT attempt to clean or service the machine while it is running. Rotating parts can cause severe injury.
- 1.3.2 DO NOT crank a flooded engine with the spark plug removed on gasoline-powered engines. Fuel trapped in the cylinder will squirt out the spark plug opening.
- 1.3.3 DO NOT test for spark on gasoline-powered engines if the engine is flooded or the smell of gasoline is present. A stray spark could ignite the fumes.
- 1.3.4 DO NOT use gasoline or other types of fuels or flammable solvents to clean parts, especially in enclosed areas. Fumes from fuels and solvents can become explosive.
- 1.3.5 ALWAYS operate machine with all safety devices and guards in place and in working order. DO NOT modify or defeat safety devices. DO NOT operate machine if any safety devices or guards are missing or inoperative.
- 1.3.6 ALWAYS keep the area around the muffler free of debris such as leaves, paper, cartons, etc. A hot muffler could ignite the debris and start a fire.
- 1.3.7 ALWAYS replace worn or damaged components with spare parts designed and recommended by Wacker Corporation.
- 1.3.8 ALWAYS disconnect the spark plug on machines equipped with gasoline engines, before servicing, to avoid accidental start-up.
- 1.3.9 ALWAYS keep the machine clean and labels legible. Replace all missing and hard-to-read labels. Labels provide important operating instructions and warn of dangers and hazards.
- 1.3.10 ALWAYS handle impeller carefully. The impeller can develop sharp edges which can cut.

1.4 Label Locations





1.5 Safety Labels

Wacker machines use international pictorial labels where needed. These labels are described below:

Label	Meaning
A DANGER A GEFAHR A PELIGRO A DANGER 117034	DANGER! Engines emit carbon monoxide; operate only in well-ventilated area. Read the Operator's Manual. No sparks, flames, or burning objects near the machine. Shut off the engine before refueling.
A WARNING A WARNING A ADVERTENCIA A AVERTISSEMENT	WARNING! Hot surface!
▲ CAUTION A VORSICHT A PRECAUCION PRECAUTION	CAUTION! Read and understand the supplied Operator's Manuals before operating this machine. Failure to do so increases the risk of injury to yourself or others.
AWARNING AWARNUNG ADVERTENCIA AVERTISSEMENT A MARKING A WARNING A WARNING A MARKING	WARNING! Do not open if pump is hot. Hot water and/or steam inside could be pressurized.
MYNTRING MYNTRING MYNTRING MYNTRING MYNTRING FOULD SHAPE COLD AND SHAPE MEDICAL ME	WARNING! Never pump volatile, flammable or low flash point fluids. These fluids could ignite or explode.
CAUTION VORSICHT PRECAUCION PRECAUTION	CAUTION! Lifting point.

Safety Information

Label	Meaning
	Guaranteed sound power level in dB(A).
	Key switch: off on start
	Throttle control lever: Rabbit = Full or Fast Turtle = Idle or Slow
MODE IN USA MENOMONEE FALLS, WI USA SSOST Model Item Number Rev. Serial Number Rev. Manuf. Yr. Serial Number C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	A nameplate listing the model number, item number, revision number, and serial number is attached to each unit. Please record the information found on this plate so it will be available should the nameplate become lost or damaged. When ordering parts or requesting service information, you will always be asked to specify the model number, item number, revision number, and serial number of the unit.
U.S. PAT. Nos.: OTHER U.S. AND FOREIGN PATENTS PENDING	This machine may be covered by one or more patents.

Safety Information

PT 4

Notes

2. Technical Data

2.1 Engine

Item No.		PTS 4V 0007683 Rev. 115 & lower 0007691 Rev. 116 & lower	PTS 4V 0007683 Rev. 116 & higher 0007691 Rev. 117 & higher	
		Engine		
Engine Make		Briggs ar	nd Stratton	
Engine Model		Vanguard 303447- Vanguard 305447-0 E1		
Rated Power	kW (Hp)	12 (16)		
Spark Plug		Champion RC12YC		
Electrode Gap	mm (in.)	0.76 (0.030)		
Engine Speed	rpm	3600		
Air Cleaner	type	Dual element		
Battery	V/CCA/ amp-hr./size	12 / 230 / 32 / 22NF		
Engine Lubrication	oil grade / service class	>5°C (40°F) SAE 10W30 / SG, SF, or SE <5°C (40°F) SAE 30W / SG, SF, or SE		
Engine Oil Capacity	ml (oz.)	1400 (48)		
Fuel	type	Regular unleaded gasoline		
Fuel Tank Capacity	l (gal.)	17 (4.5)		

2.2 Pump

Item number:		PTS 4V, PTK 4 0007683, 0007691, 0007692
		Pump
Weight	kg (lbs.)	163 (360)
*Max. Suction Lift	m (ft.)	7.5 (25)
Max. Total Head	m (ft.)	32 (106)
Mechanical Seal Lubrication	oil grade ml (oz.)	SAE 30 150 (5)
Suction / Discharge Diameter	mm (in.)	100 (4)
Max. Solid Size	mm (in.)	50 (2)

^{*}Based on pump operating at sea level. Maximum suction lift will be less at higher altitudes.

2.3 Sound Measurements

The required sound specifications per Appendix 1, Paragraph 1.7.4 of the EC-Machine Regulations, is:

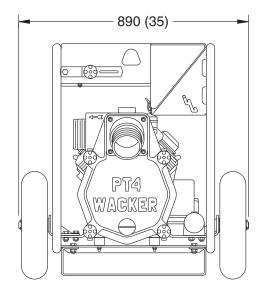
• the guaranteed sound power level $(L_{WA}) = 104 \text{ dB}(A)$

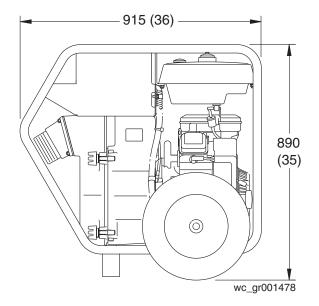
These sound values were determined according to ISO 3744 for the sound power (L_{WA}).

The sound measurements were obtained with the unit operating on pavement at nominal speed.

2.4 Dimensions

mm (in.)





3. **Operation**

3.1 **Application**

This pump is intended for removing clean water and water containing some debris and solids. Refer to "Technical Data" for maximum solid size.



NEVER pump volatile, flammable or low flash point fluids. These fluids could ignite or explode.



NEVER pump corrosive chemicals or water containing toxic substances. These fluids could create serious health and WARNING environmental hazards. Contact local authorities for assistance.

3.2 Recommended Fuel

The engine requires regular grade unleaded gasoline. Use only fresh, clean gasoline. Gasoline containing water or dirt will damage fuel system. Consult engine Owner's Manual for complete fuel specifications.

3.3 **Before Starting**

See Graphic: wc_gr000013

- 3.3.1 Read safety instructions at the beginning of manual.
- 3.3.2 Place pump as near to water as possible, on a firm, flat, level surface.
- 3.3.3 To prime pump, remove prime plug (a) and fill pump case with water. If the pump case is not filled with water before starting, it will not begin pumping.

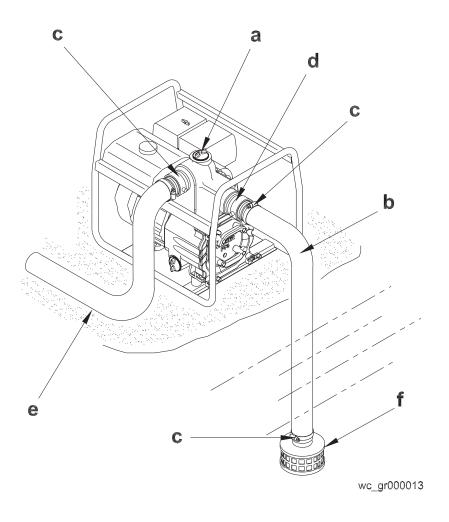


DO NOT open priming plug, discharge plug, or loosen hose fittings if pump is hot! Water or vapor inside pump may be under pressure.

3.3.4 Check for leaks between pump and engine. If water is leaking, the seal inside pump is worn or damaged. Continued operation may cause water damage to engine.

3.3.5 Check that hoses are securely attached to pump. Suction hose (b) must not have any air leaks. Tighten hose clamps (c) and couplings (d). Check that discharge hose (e) is not restricted. Lay hose out as straight as possible. Remove any twists or sharp bends from hose which may block the flow of water.

- 3.3.6 Make sure suction strainer **(f)** is clean and securely attached to end of hose. The strainer is designed to protect the pump by preventing large objects from being pulled into the pump.
 - **NOTICE**: Strainer should be positioned so it will remain completely under water. Running the pump with the strainer above water for long periods can damage the pump.
- 3.3.7 Check fuel level, engine oil level, and condition of air cleaner.



Operation PTS 4V / PTK 4

3.4 To Start

See Graphic: wc_gr001480

Follow the instructions below and read starting and stopping instructions found in the engine owner's manual.

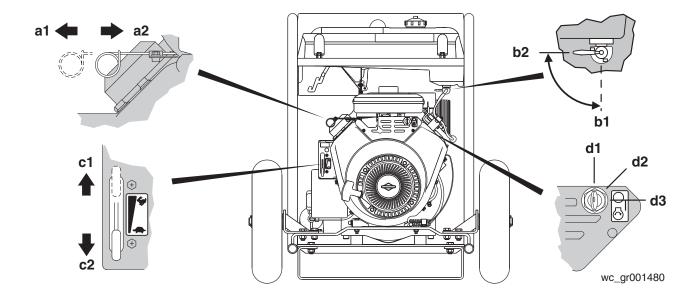
- 3.4.1 Open the fuel valve (b1).
- 3.4.2 If the engine is cold, pull out the choke control (a1). If the engine is hot, push in the choke control (a2).
- 3.4.3 Move the throttle control to the fast position (c1).
- 3.4.4 Turn the key switch to the start position **(d3)** and hold it until the engine starts.

NOTICE: Do not crank engine longer than 15 seconds at a time. Extended cranking can damage the starter motor.

- 3.4.5 To start the engine using manual start:
 - Turn the key switch to the run position (d2).
 - Rapidly pull the starter rope **(e)** to start the engine.
 - Leave key in run position (d2) while engine is running.

Note: The engine is equipped with a low oil protection system, which does not allow the engine to start if the oil level is low. This device will not protect the engine if a low oil level occurs while running. The switch opens on a pressure rise of 4 psi ± 1.5 psi.

- 3.4.6 Push the choke in as the engine warms (a2).
- 3.4.7 Keep the engine throttle in the fast position while operating pump.



3.5 To Stop

See Graphic: wc_gr001480

3.5.1 Reduce engine RPM by moving the throttle completely to the idle position (c2).

- 3.5.2 Turn the engine switch to the stop position (d1).
- 3.5.3 Close the fuel valve (b2).

3.6 Operation

Pump should begin pumping water within a minute depending on length of suction hose and height of pump above water. Longer hoses will require more time.

If pump does not prime, check for loose fittings or air leak in suction hose. Make sure strainer in water is not blocked.

Run engine at full speed while operating pump.



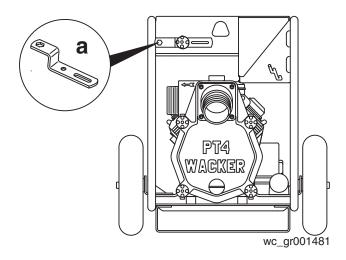
NEVER pump corrosive chemicals or water containing toxic substances. These fluids could create serious health and environmental hazards. Contact local authorities for assistance.

3.7 Pump Wrench

See Graphic: wc_gr001481

The wrench (a) supplied with the pump can be used to loosen and tighten: hose couplings, knobs on pump cover, priming plug, and drain plug on front cover.

Store wrench on pump frame.



Operation PTS 4V / PTK 4

3.8 Accessories

Wacker offers a complete line of fittings, hoses, and clamps to properly connect the pump to match various job conditions.

3.9 Hoses and Clamps

See Graphic: wc_gr000021

Suction hoses (a) must be rigid enough not to collapse when pump is operating.

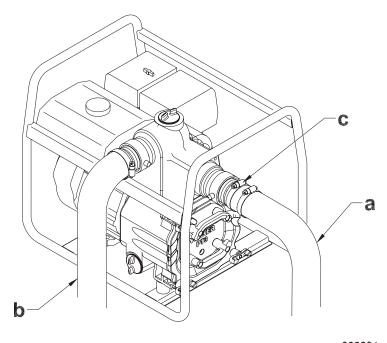
Discharge hoses (b) are usually thin-walled collapsible hoses. Rigid hoses similar to those used as suction hoses may also be used as discharge hoses.

Note: Suction and discharge hoses are available from Wacker. Contact your nearest dealer for more information.

Two clamps **(c)** are recommended for connection of suction hoses to inlet coupling.

Note: This connection is important. Even a small air leak on the suction side of pump will prevent the pump from priming.

For other hose connections, one T-bolt or worm-gear type clamp is usually sufficient to hold hoses in place. In some cases, slight variances in hose diameters may make it necessary to add more clamps in order to maintain tight connections.



wc_gr000021

4. Maintenance

4.1 Periodic Maintenance Schedule

The chart below lists basic machine and engine maintenance. Refer to the engine manufacturer's Operator's Manual for additional information on engine maintenance.

	Daily before starting	After first 5 hrs.	Every 50 hrs.	Every 100 hrs.	Every year
Check fuel level.	•				
Check engine oil level.	•				
Inspect for leaks between pump and engine.	•				
Inspect air filter. Clean as needed.					
Check external hardware.	•				
Inspect shock mounts for damage.			•		
Change oil in pump housing.			•		
Change engine oil and replace filter.		•	•		
Replace air cleaner.				•	
Check and clean spark plug.				•	
Replace in-line fuel filter.					•
Check and adjust valve clearances.					•

Maintenance

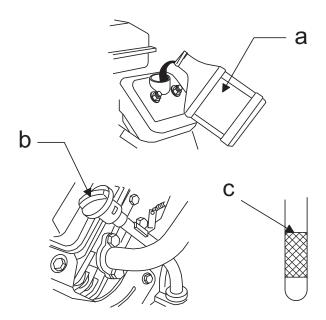
PTS 4V / PTK 4

4.2 Engine Lubrication

See Graphic: wc_gr000562

Check engine oil level daily before starting engine. Add oil as required.

- 4.2.1 To check oil level, place machine on a level surface.
- 4.2.2 Clean area around oil fill and remove dipstick.
- 4.2.3 Pour oil (a) slowly, checking oil level occasionally with dipstick.
- 4.2.4 Fill to full mark on dipstick (b). DO NOT overfill.
- 4.2.5 When measuring oil level, screw dipstick **(c)** firmly in place until cap bottoms on tube.



4.3 Changing Oil Filter

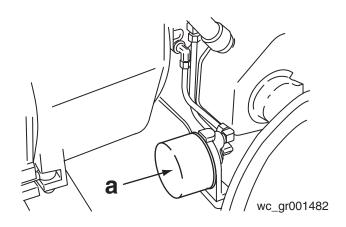
See Graphic: wc_gr001482

Replace the oil filter after every 100 hours of operation.

4.3.1 Drain the engine oil and replace it with fresh oil before removing the used oil filter. See *Technical Data* for oil quantity and type.

Note: In the interests of environmental protection, place a plastic sheet and a container under the machine to collect any liquid which drains off. Dispose of this liquid in accordance with environmental protection legislation.

- 4.3.2 Remove the used filter before installing a new filter, lightly oil the filter gasket with fresh, clean engine oil.
- 4.3.3 Screw the filter **(a)** on by hand until the gasket makes contact, then tighten an additional 1/2 to 3/4 turn.
- 4.3.4 Start and run the engine to check for leaks. Stop the engine. Recheck the oil level and add oil if required. See *Engine Lubrication*.



Maintenance PTS 4V / PTK 4

4.4 Air Cleaner

See Graphic: wc_gr000564

Service air cleaner frequently to prevent carburetor malfunction.

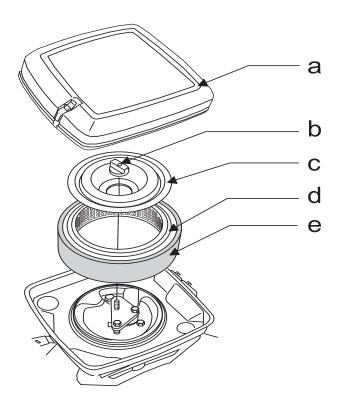
NOTICE: NEVER run the engine without the air cleaner. Severe engine damage will occur.

NEVER use gasoline or other types of low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner. A fire or explosion could result.

The engine is equipped with a dual element air cleaner. To service air cleaner:

- 4.4.1 Remove cover (a), knob (b), and retaining plate (c).
- 4.4.2 Remove foam precleaner (d) from filter cartridge (e).
- 4.4.3 Wash precleaner in liquid detergent and water. Squeeze dry in a clean cloth. Saturate precleaner in engine oil, squeeze out excess oil. Replace precleaner if it is damaged or heavily soiled.
- 4.4.4 To clean cartridge, remove and tap lightly on a flat surface. Replace cartridge if it is damaged or heavily soiled.

Note: Do not use petroleum solvents to clean precleaner or cartridge. Petroleum type solvents will damage them. Do not use pressurized air to clean cartridge. Pressurized air can also damage the cartridge.



4.5 Spark Plug

See Graphic: wc_gr000028

Clean or replace the spark plug as needed to ensure proper operation. Refer to the engine owner's manual.

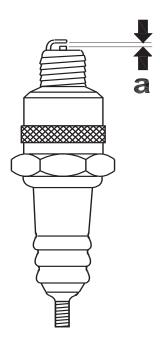


The muffler becomes very hot during operation and remains hot for a while after stopping the engine. Do not touch the muffler while it is hot.

Note: Refer to the Technical Data for the recommended spark plug type and the electrode gap setting.

- 4.5.1 Remove the spark plug and inspect it.
- 4.5.2 Replace the spark plug if the insulator is cracked or chipped.
- 4.5.3 Clean the spark plug electrodes with a wire brush.
- 4.5.4 Set the electrode gap (a).
- 4.5.5 Tighten the spark plug securely.

NOTICE: A loose spark plug can become very hot and may cause engine damage.

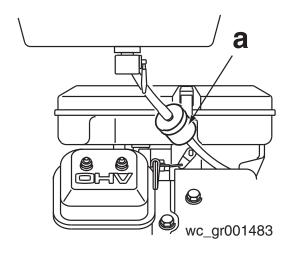


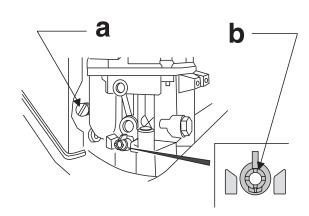
4.6 Fuel Filter

See Graphic: wc_gr001483

- 4.6.1 Change in-line fuel filter (a) once a year.
- 4.6.2 Check fuel lines and fittings frequently for cracks or leaks. Replace as needed.

Allow engine to cool and close fuel valve before replacing fuel filter.





4.7 Carburetor Adjustment

See Graphic: wc_gr000566

Note: The air cleaner must be in place and the engine warm when making adjustments to carburetor.

- 4.7.1 With engine running, place throttle in SLOW position and rotate carburetor throttle lever against the idle speed screw (a) and hold it there.
- 4.7.2 Turn the idle speed screw to obtain 1300 to 1500 rpm.
- 4.7.3 While still holding the throttle lever against the idle speed screw, turn the idle mixture valve **(b)** midway between limits.
- 4.7.4 Readjust the idle speed to 1200 rpm and release carburetor throttle lever. Engine should accelerate smoothly when throttle is opened. If it does not, readjust idle mixture valve slightly counterclockwise.

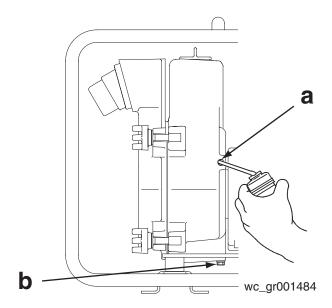
4.8 Changing Mechanical Seal Coolant

See Graphic: wc_gr001484

Change seal coolant every 50 hours using SAE 30W oil.

- 4.8.1 Remove plugs (a) from both sides of pump housing for venting.
- 4.8.2 Remove bottom plug **(b)** and allow oil to drain from oil cavity.
- 4.8.3 Install bottom drain plug.
- 4.8.4 Fill oil cavity through one of the side plug **(a)** holes until oil is level with top of hole or flows out hole on opposite side.

 Oil quantity approximately 150 ml (5 ounces).
- 4.8.5 Install all plugs before operating pump.



4.9 Adjusting Impeller Clearance

See Graphic: wc_gr001485

If it is necessary to replace impeller or volute insert, be sure clearance between impeller and insert is adjusted correctly.

The impeller **(e)** should be as close to the insert **(a)** as possible without rubbing against it. Clearance is adjusted by adding or removing shims **(b)** from behind insert. Inserts are attached to the pump cover and must be unbolted **(c)** before they can be removed.

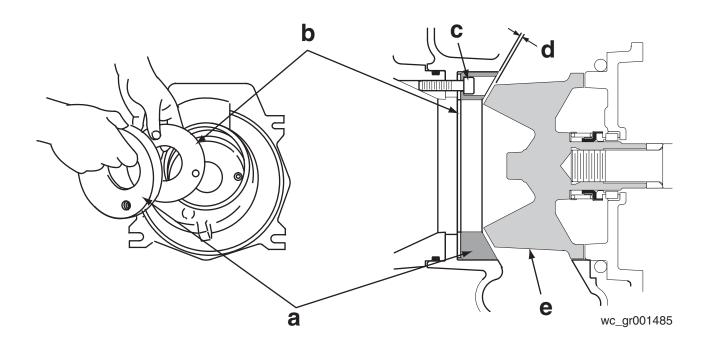
Check clearance (d) between impeller and insert by slowly pulling starter rope to turn impeller.

Note: Remove spark plug to make it easier to turn impeller. On diesel engines open decompression device before cranking engine.

If starter or crank is difficult to turn, or rubbing is heard from inside pump, the impeller and insert are too close to each other. Remove a shim from behind insert and check again for rubbing. Continue removing shims until impeller turns easily.

Note: It is important not to remove too many shims or the clearance between the impeller and insert will become too wide and pump performance will be reduced.

As the impeller wears down, additional shims may be required to maintain the clearance between the impeller and insert.



4.10 Cleaning Pump

See Graphic: wc_gr001486

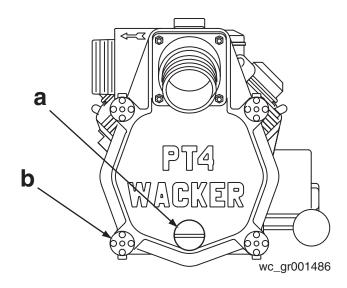
After pumping water containing a large amount of dirt or debris, clean out inside of pump housing.

- 4.10.1 Remove drain plug (a) from pump housing and drain any water left in pump.
- 4.10.2 Loosen the four knobs (b) holding the pump cover and remove cover.
- 4.10.3 Clean out dirt and debris. Inspect impeller and volute insert for wear.

Note: Tighten cover evenly at all four corners using a wrench.



The impeller may develop sharp edges. Use care when cleaning around impeller to prevent getting cut.



Maintenance PTS 4V / PTK 4

4.11 Storage

If pump is being stored for more than 30 days:



NEVER open priming plug, discharge plug, or cover when pump is hot.

- 4.11.1 Remove discharge plug from pump casing and drain out any water left in the housing after pump has cooled.
- 4.11.2 Remove pump cover and clean inside of pump housing. Coat inside of pump with a light film of oil to reduce corrosion. A spray can of oil works well for this.
- 4.11.3 Tape up suction and discharge ports to prevent anything from falling into pump.
- 4.11.4 Change engine oil and follow procedures described in engine manual for engine storage.
- 4.11.5 Cover pump and engine and store in a clean, dry area.

4.12 Lifting

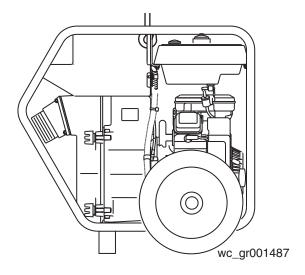
See Graphic: wc_gr001487

To lift machine mechanically:



Before attempting to lift, be sure that lifting devices can safely handle weight of machine. See *Technical Data* for weight of machine.

CAUTION Attach hook, harness, or cable to machine as shown and lift as desired.

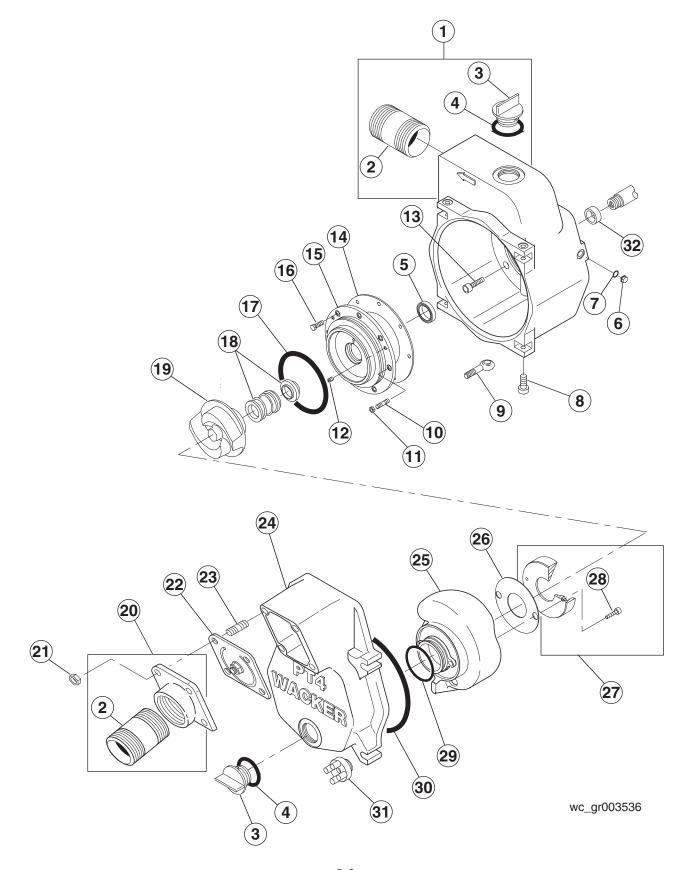


4.13 Troubleshooting

Problem / Symptom	Reason / Remedy
Pump does not take in water.	Not enough priming water in housing.
	Engine speed too low. Adjust speed.
	Strainer plugged. Clean strainer.
	Suction hose damaged. Replace or repair hose.
	 Air leak at suction port. Check that fittings are tight and sealing properly.
	Pump too high above water.
	 Debris collecting in pump housing. Clean pump housing.
	Too much clearance between impeller and insert.
Pump takes in water, little or	Engine speed too low. Adjust speed.
no discharge.	Suction strainer partially plugged. Clean strainer.
	 Impeller worn. Adjust clearance by adding shims or replace impeller.
	 Volute insert worn or damaged. Adjust clearance or replace insert.
Suction hose leaks at inlet.	Clamps are not sealing properly. Tighten, replace, or add clamp.
	Hose diameter is too large.
	Hose is damaged.
Discharge hose does not stay on coupling.	Pressure may be too high for clamps being used. Add another clamp.
	Hose kinked or end blocked. Check hose.
Impeller does not turn; pump is hard to start.	Impeller jammed or blocked. Open pump cover and clean dirt and debris from inside of pump housing.
	 Impeller and insert binding. Adjust clearance by removing shim from behind insert.
Engine does not start or	Debris in pump housing, blocking impeller.
stops during operation.	Low oil level in engine.
	Impeller rubbing on insert.

5. Disassembly/Assembly Procedures

5.1 PTS 4V Exploded View



PT 4 Repair

Disassembly/Assembly Procedures

5.2 PTS 4V Components

Ref.	Description	Qty.	Ref.	Description	Qty.
1	Kit-pump housing (incl. 2-4)	1	19	Impeller	1
2	Fitting-nipple	2	20	Kit-suction port replacement (incl. 2)	1
3	Plug-priming	2	21	Locknut M8	4
4	Gasket-priming plug	2	22	Gasket-flapper	1
5	Seal-shaft	1	23	Stud M8x30	4
6	Plug M10, hex	3	24	Kit-pump cover (incl. 3 & 4)	1
7	Seal-ring	3	25	Volute	1
8	Screw M12x40	4	26	Shim .005""	A/R
9	Bolt-eye	4		Shim .010""	A/R
10	Stud M8x20	2		Shim .020""	A/R
11	Nut M8	2		Shim .040""	A/R
12	Setscrew M8x10	3	27	Kit-volute insert (incl. 28)	1
13	Screw 7/16-14x1-1/4	4	28	Screw M8x35	3
14	Gasket-pump oil cover	1	29	O-Ring	1
15	Cover-oil chamber	1	30	O-Ring	1
16	Screw M8x20	5	31	Knob	4
17	O-Ring	1	32	Sleeve-shaft	1
18	Seal-mechanical (std.)	1	-		

A/R = as required

5.3 Replacing the Flapper Valve

See Graphic: wc_gr003537

The flapper valve (1) is located at the pump inlet (2). During operation, this valve is open allowing a free path for water to flow into the pump case. When the pump is stopped, it closes and prevents water in the suction line from being lost.

A leak around the flapper gasket will cause the suction line to lose its prime and make the pump difficult or impossible to operate.

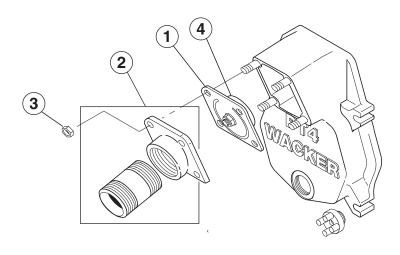
Removal:

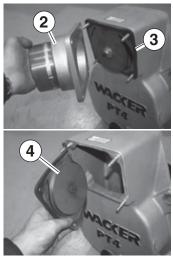
- 5.3.1 Shut down the machine and remove the inlet hose if it is connected.
- 5.3.2 Remove the locknuts **(3)** that secure the suction (inlet) port **(2)** to the pump.
- 5.3.3 Remove the inlet port and the flapper valve assembly (1).

Installation:

- 5.3.4 Install the new flapper valve assembly with the large washer (4) facing the inside of the cover and the flap opening facing down. This washer acts as a counterweight and helps seal the flapper gasket against the pump inlet when the pump stops.
- 5.3.5 Mount the inlet port **(2)** to the pump. Tighten the lock nuts **(3)** evenly until the flapper gasket begins to compress.

NOTICE: DO NOT overtighten the lock nuts. Overtightening may distort the flapper gasket causing an air leak at the inlet port.





wc_gr003537

5.4 Replacing the Impeller

See Graphic: wc_gr003540

Removal:

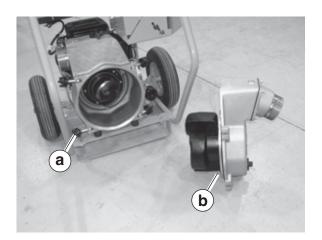


Impeller edges can be extremely sharp; use care when removing them

- 5.4.1 Loosen the knobs (a) securing the housing cover/volute assembly (b) to the pump housing and remove the housing cover/volute assembly.
- 5.4.2 Using an impact wrench, loosen the impeller **(c)** by turning the nut (molded into impeller casting) counterclockwise. Once loose, pull the impeller from the volute.

Installation:

- 5.4.3 Apply anti-seize to the engine shaft and screw the impeller **(c)** onto the engine shaft.
- 5.4.4 Reinstall the housing cover/volute assembly **(b)** to the housing and tighten with knobs **(a)**.





wc_gr003540

5.5 Replacing the Mechanical Seal

See Graphic: wc_gr003541

Removal:

- 5.5.1 Remove the impeller. See section *Replacing the Impeller*.
- 5.5.2 Pull the front half (a) of the mechanical seal off of the back of the impeller.
- 5.5.3 Remove the drain plug **(b)** from the bottom of the pump housing and drain the oil from the pump.
- 5.5.4 Remove the cap screws (c) and the nuts (d) from the studs. Pull the oil housing (e) from the pump housing.

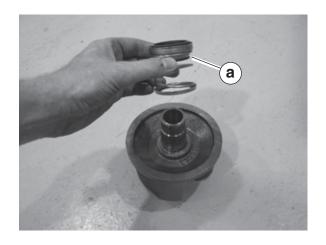
 Note: If the oil housing is difficult to remove, remove the set screws (f) and in their place insert pusher screws. Use the pusher screws to remove the oil housing.
- 5.5.5 Press the back half (ceramic portion) **(g)** of the mechanical seal from the oil housing.
- 5.5.6 Inspect the large O-ring **(h)** of the oil housing and replace it if is worn or damaged.

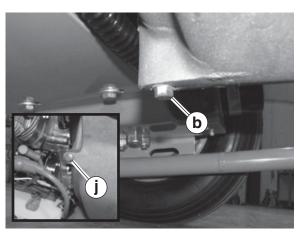
Installation:

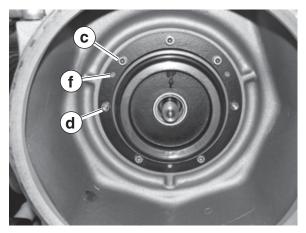
Note: Always replace both halves of the mechanical seal as a set. Clean the mating surfaces of the mechanical seal with alcohol before installing it.

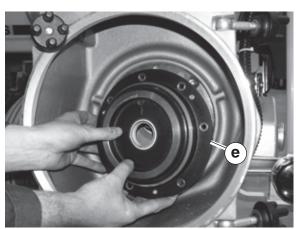
Note: If the carbon face (i) has worn flush with the surface of the seal, replace the mechanical seal to prevent the pump from leaking.

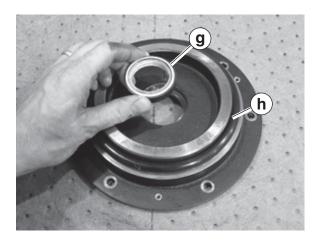
- 5.5.7 Press the ceramic portion (g) of the mechanical seal into the oil housing (e).
- 5.5.8 Secure the oil housing to the pump housing with the cap screws (c) and nuts (d). Use anti-seize on the cap screws and torque them to 22 Nm (16 ft.lbs.). Also torque the nuts to 22 Nm (16 ft.lbs.).
- 5.5.9 Install the drain plug **(b)** into the bottom of the pump housing. Remove the filler plug **(j)** and fill the pump with oil. Reinstall the filler plug.
- 5.5.10 Install the front half (a) of the mechanical seal onto the back of the impeller.
- 5.5.11 Reinstall the volute and the front cover.

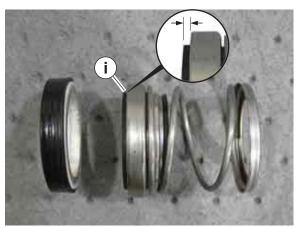












wc_gr003541

5.6 Replacing the Pump Housing

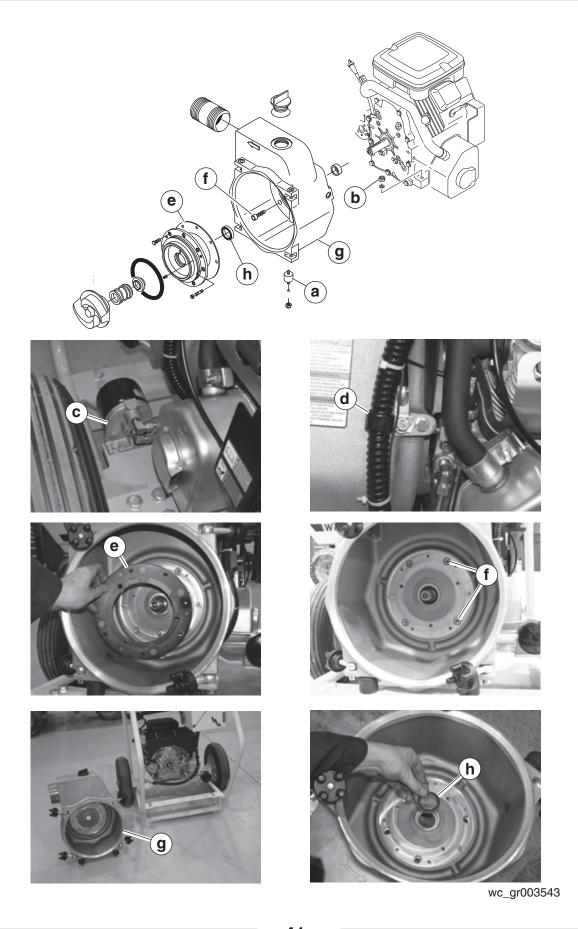
See Graphic: wc_gr003543

Removal:

- 5.6.1 Remove the impeller and the oil housing. See sections *Replacing the Impeller* and *Replacing the Mechanical Seal.*
- 5.6.2 Remove the lock nuts that secure the shockmounts (a) to the frame.
- 5.6.3 Loosen the lock nuts **(b)** that secure the engine to the frame. The engine will need to be tipped up in order to pull the pump housing, with the shockmounts attached, free from the machine.
- 5.6.4 Remove the screws that secure the oil filter bracket (c) to the frame.
- 5.6.5 Remove the screw that secures the cable clamp **(d)** to the pump housing.
- 5.6.6 Remove the gasket (e).
- 5.6.7 Remove the cap screws (f) that secure the pump housing to the engine. Heat the screws if necessary to beak down the thread locking compound. Once the screws have been removed, pull the pump housing from the engine. Tip the engine as necessary to allow the pump housing (g) to be pulled free of the frame.
- 5.6.8 Press the seal **(h)** from the pump housing.

Installation:

- 5.6.9 Press the seal **(h)** into the pump housing. Lightly coat the rubber portion of the seal with oil.
- 5.6.10 Tip the engine up and slide the pump housing into position over the engine drive shaft and onto the frame.
- 5.6.11 Secure the pump housing **(g)** to the engine with the cap screws. Use Loctite 271 or an equivalent on the cap screws and torque them to 54 Nm (39 ft.lbs.).
- 5.6.12 Secure the engine to the frame with the screws and the lock nuts (b).
- 5.6.13 Secure the shock mounts (a) to the frame with the lock nuts.
- 5.6.14 Reinstall the cable clamp (d).
- 5.6.15 Secure the oil filter bracket (c) to the frame.
- 5.6.16 Install the gasket (e).
- 5.6.17 Reinstall the oil housing and the impeller. See sections *Replacing the Mechanical Seal* and *Replacing the Impeller*.



5.7 Volute, Insert, and Shims

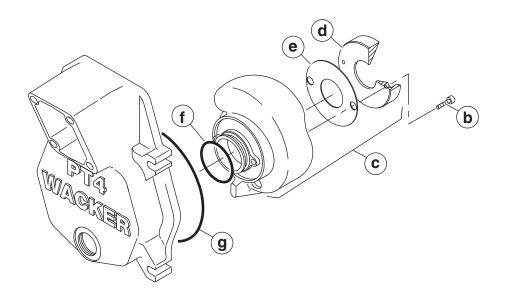
See Graphic: wc_gr003544

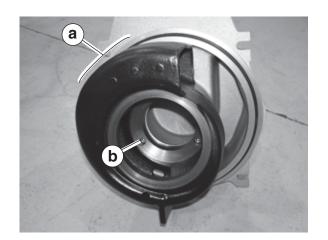
Disassembly:

- 5.7.1 Remove the housing cover/volute assembly (a) from the pump.
- 5.7.2 Remove the three screws **(b)** that secure the volute assembly **(c)** to the housing cover and remove the volute assembly.
- 5.7.3 Remove the insert (d) from inside of the volute.
- 5.7.4 Remove the shims **(e)** from inside of the volute.
- 5.7.5 Check the O-rings (f, g) on the back side of the housing cover. Replace the O-rings if they are worn or damaged.

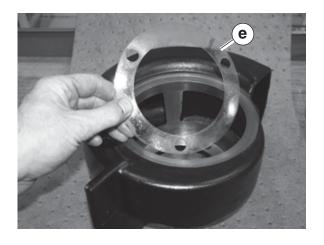
Assembly:

- 5.7.6 Place the same number of shims **(e)** into the volute as were removed.
- 5.7.7 Place the insert **(d)** into the volute.
- 5.7.8 Secure the volute assembly **(c)** to the housing cover with the three screws **(b)**.
- 5.7.9 Install the housing cover/volute assembly (a) onto the pump.
- 5.7.10 Check the shimming of the insert. The pump will perform best when the impeller is as close to the insert as possible without rubbing against it. To check the shimming:
 - Place the keyswitch in the OFF position.
 - Slowly pull the starter rope to check that the drive shaft will spin.
 - Add shims as necessary until the drive shaft binds, then remove the thinnest shim.
 - Pull the starter rope again to check that the drive shaft will spin. If it does, the shimming is correct.











wc_gr003544

5.8 Replacing the Engine

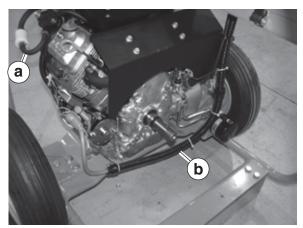
See Graphic: wc_gr003542

Removal:

- 5.8.1 Remove the pump housing. See section *Replacing the Pump Housing*.
- 5.8.2 Disconnect the fuel hose (a).
- 5.8.3 Disconnect the wiring **(b)** to the battery.
- 5.8.4 Remove the screws and lock nuts that secure the engine to the frame (if not already removed) and pull the engine from the frame.

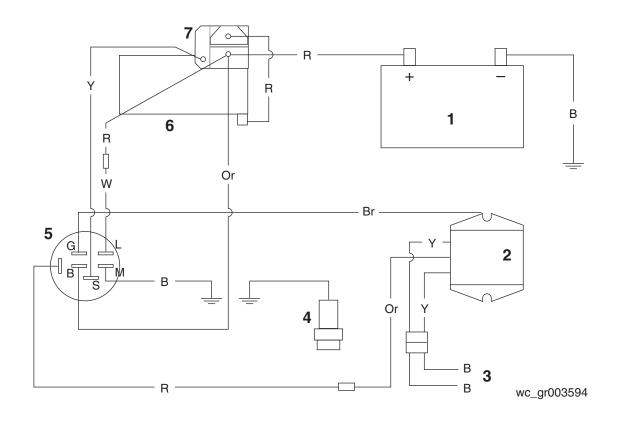
Installation:

- 5.8.5 Position the engine into the frame.
- 5.8.6 Connect the wiring **(b)** to the battery.
- 5.8.7 Connect the fuel hose (a).
- 5.8.8 Reinstall the pump housing. See section *Replacing the Pump Housing*.



wc_gr003542

5.9 Wiring Diagram



Ref.	Description	Ref.	Description
1	Battery	5	Key switch
2	Voltage regulator	6	Starter motor
3	To engine	7	Starter solenoid
4	Low oil shutdown switch	-	

Wire Colors								
B Black R Red Y Yellow Or Orange								
G	Green	Т	Tan	Br	Brown	Pr	Purple	
L	Blue	V	Violet	CI	Clear	Sh	Shield	
Р	Pink	W	White	Gr	Gray	LL	Light blue	

PT 4 Repair

Notes

Threadlockers and Sealants

Threadlockers and Sealants

Threadlocking adhesives and sealants are specified throughout this manual by a notation of "S" plus a number (S#) and should be used where indicated. Threadlocking compounds normally break down at temperatures above 175°C (350°F). If a screw or bolt is hard to remove, heat it using a small propane torch to break down the sealant. When applying sealants, follow instructions on container. The sealants listed are recommended for use on Wacker equipment.

TYPE () = Europe	COLOR	USAGE	PART NO. – SIZE
Loctite 222 Hernon 420 Omnifit 1150 (50M)	Purple	Low strength, for locking threads smaller than 6 mm (1/4"). Hand tool removable. Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	73287 - 10 ml
Loctite 243 Hernon 423 Omnifit 1350 (100M)	Blue	Medium strength, for locking threads larger than 6 mm (1/4"). Hand tool removable. Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	293115 ml 17380 - 50 ml
Loctite 271/277 Hernon 427 Omnifit 1550 (220M)	Red	High strength, for all threads up to 25 mm (1"). Heat parts before disassembly. Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	293125 ml 26685 - 10 ml 73285 - 50 ml
Loctite 290 Hernon 431 Omnifit 1710 (230LL)	Green	Medium to high strength, for locking preassembled threads and for sealing weld porosity (wicking). Gaps up to 0.13 mm (0.005") Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	288245 ml 25316 - 10 ml
Loctite 609 Hernon 822 Omnifit 1730 (230L)	Green	Medium strength retaining compound for slip or press fit of shafts, bearings, gears, pulleys, etc. Gaps up to 0.13 mm (0.005") Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	293145 ml
Loctite 545 Hernon 947 Omnifit 1150 (50M)	Brown	Hydraulic sealant Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	79356 - 50 ml
Loctite 592 Hernon 920 Omnifit 790	White	Pipe sealant with Teflon for moderate pressures. Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	26695 - 6 ml 73289 - 50 ml
Loctite 515 Hernon 910 Omnifit 10	Purple	Form-in-place gasket for flexible joints. Fills gaps up to 1.3 mm (0.05") Temp. range: -54 to 149°C (-65 to 300°F)	70735 - 50 ml

Threadlockers and Sealants

Threadlockers and Sealants (continued)

Threadlocking adhesives and sealants are specified throughout this manual by a notation of "S" plus a number (S#) and should be used where indicated. Threadlocking compounds normally break down at temperatures above 175°C (350°F). If a screw or bolt is hard to remove, heat it using a small propane torch to break down the sealant. When applying sealants, follow instructions on container. The sealants listed are recommended for use on Wacker equipment.

TYPE () = Europe	COLOR	USAGE	PART NO. – SIZE
Loctite 496 Hernon 110 Omnifit Sicomet 7000	Clear	Instant adhesive for bonding rubber, metal and plastics; general purpose. For gaps up to 0.15 mm (0.006") Read caution instructions before using. Temp. range: -54 to 82°C (-65 to 180°F)	52676 - 1oz.
Loctite Primer T Hernon Primer 10 Omnifit VC Activator	Aerosol Spray	Fast curing primer for threadlocking, retaining and sealing compounds. Must be used with stainless steel hardware. Recommended for use with gasket sealants.	2006124-6 oz.

Torque Values

Metric Fasteners (DIN)

	TORQU	E VALUE	S (Based	on Bolt Si	ze and Ha	ardness)		WRENC	CH SIZE	
	08	.8		0.9		2.9				
Size	Nm	ft.lb.	Nm	ft.lb.	Nm	ft.lb.	Metric	Inch	Metric	Inch
М3	1.2	*11	1.6	*14	2.1	*19	5.5	7/32	2.5	_
M4	2.9	*26	4.1	*36	4.9	*43	7	9/32	3	_
M5	6.0	*53	8.5	6	10	7	8	5/16	4	_
M6	10	7	14	10	17	13	10	_	5	_
M8	25	18	35	26	41	30	13	1/2	6	_
M10	49	36	69	51	83	61	17	11/16	8	_
M12	86	63	120	88	145	107	19	3/4	10	_
M14	135	99	190	140	230	169	22	7/8	12	_
M16	210	155	295	217	355	262	24	15/16	14	_
M18	290	214	405	298	485	357	27	1-1/16	14	_
M20	410	302	580	427	690	508	30	1-1/4	17	_

¹ ft.lb. = 1.357 Nm

1 inch = 25.4 mm

^{* =} in.lb.

Torque Values

Torque Values (continued)

Inch Fasteners (SAE)

		SAE 5		SAE 8						
Size	Nm	ft.lb.	Nm	ft.lb.	Nm	ft.lb.	Metric	Inch	Metric	Inch
No.4	0.7	*6	1.0	*14	1.4	*12	5.5	1/4	-	3/32
No.6	1.4	*12	1.9	*17	2.4	*21	8	5/16	_	7/64
No.8	2.5	*22	3.5	*31	4.7	*42	9	11/32	_	9/64
No.10	3.6	*32	5.1	*45	6.8	*60	_	3/8	_	5/32
1/4	8.1	6	12	9	16	12	_	7/16	_	3/32
5/16	18	13	26	19	33	24	13	1/2	_	1/4
3/8	31	23	45	33	58	43	_	9/16	_	5/16
7/16	50	37	71	52	94	69	16	5/8	_	3/8
1/2	77	57	109	80	142	105	19	3/4	_	3/8
9/16	111	82	156	115	214	158	-	13/16	_	_
5/8	152	112	216	159	265	195	24	15/16	_	1/2
3/4	271	200	383	282	479	353	_	1-1/8	_	5/8

¹ ft.lb. = 1.357 Nm

^{* =} in.lb.

¹ inch = 25.4 mm